

**the RIF slides Format** (source)

It is intended to be a 3D enhanced version of Microsoft Powerpoint. We admit however that our so-called .pvl format lacks many of Powerpoint original features. But, on the other hand, Powerpoint does not offer many of the features we provide.

**the pvl format language** We use a simplified form of **HTML**, with some additional features.

**example**

A description of the origin of this approach can be found at

<http://www.cs.vu.nl/~eliens/online/hush/manuals/man/man8/html.html>  
<http://www.cs.vu.nl/~eliens/online/papers/htf4>

**displaying slides** The slides can be displayed in a number of ways:  
 <ul> <li> in latex, text slides </li> <li> in (dynamic) HTML, for presentation </li> <li> in VRML, for presentation and the annotation of virtual worlds </li> </ul> To realize presentations a collection of filters is needed, among which the *vr-ml.ftt*. For how the slides are used see also:

<http://www.cs.vu.nl/~eliens/online/guide.html>

**presentation level** In VRML display mode, there may be multiple levels in a slide. Levels are used to allow for incremental presentation of the content of slide. Each element in a slide, may have an indication of *start* and *end* level. Some tags allow for an indicating automatic increments of the *start* level, which is usually indicated with *level=auto*.

**creating slides** There are a number of contexts, and associated file types, in which slides may be created: <ul> <li> .t – the ultimately generic format, uses all filters </li> <li> .tm – limited .t format with VRML support, uses ht-ml.ftt + vr-ml.ftt </li> <li> .pvl – VRML

slides support, uses `vr-ml.ftt -pvl` `<li>` `<li>` `.es` – for the use of slides in worlds `</li>` `</ul>` See example makefiles for actual usage

**parameters for vr-ml.ftt** `<ul>` `<li>` `none` – plain generation of VRML `</li>` `<li>` `-pvl` – generates pvl includes `</li>` `<li>` `-x` – creates also links for hrefs (UDF) `</li>` `</ul>`

**afterthoughts on formatting** The VRML protos supporting the slides format must be kept simple and basic. In some cases extra tags are needed to get the desired result (or an approximation of that).

**extra tags** `<ul>` `<li>` `<+n>` – create n additional horizontal space (float n) `</li>` `<li>` `<-n>` – for negative spacing `</li>` `</ul>`

**beware of** `<ul>` `<li>` always use a `<p>` tag after ending a list or display. `</li>` `</ul>`

Also, the filtering is done on an as best as possible basis. In some cases it will be very hard to get what you want. Actually, since it is a legacy format, you're not even supposed to use it. So, why bother.

**on the design of the tag structure** To accommodate the various modes of formatting and the various uses that can be made of the slide format, we make a number of assumptions: `<ul>` `<li>` processing (in presentation mode) should be fast `</li>` `<li>` the tags must be intuitive, and easy to type (keyboard-wise) `</li>` `<li>` the tags must support a sufficiently rich rhetoric repertoire `</li>` `</ul>`

**the slide tag** `<ul>` `<li>` `id` – unique name (obligatory) `</li>` `<li>` `caption` – slides caption (for use in latex) `</li>` `<li>` `mode` – UDF (undocumented feature) `</li>` `<li>` `style` – generic style attribute (UDF) `</li>` `<li>` transform attributes – trans, scale, rotate `</li>` `<li>` (VRML) style tags – bgcolor, textcolor `</li>` `</ul>`

**the text tag (VRML only)** `<ul>` `<li>` transform attributes – trans, scale, rotate `</li>` `<li>` (VRML) style tags – bgcolor, textcolor `</li>` `</ul>` ,slideid=sl-uolj

**the list tags: ul and ol** Both unnumbered and numbered list are allowed, as in HTML `<ul>` `<li>` level – with level=auto the bullets will appear in order `</li>` `<li>` additional attributes – UDFs `</li>` `</ul>` To indicate items in a list use the `<li>` tag. When additional lines are need, use the *line* tag.

**beware (i:redjmay/must change (MC)i:redj)** The text after a bullet or number must be on one line, additional lines need to be indicated with a tag.

**the dl list tag** Should have `<ul>` `<li>` level `</li>` `</ul>` Use the `<dt>` and `<dd>` tags to create the items for the list.

**displays** To allow for unformatted text, such as program text the *display* tag is supported, which is like the tag in HTML. `<ul>` `<li>` level – with level=auto lines will appear in order `</li>` `<li>` size – to give the size of the text used in the display `</li>` `</ul>`

**the font tag** `<ul>` `<li>` color `</li>` `<li>` size `</li>` `<li>` style `</li>` `<li>` family `</li>` `</ul>`

**font abbreviations** `<ul>` `<li>` `<i>...</i>` – *italic* `</li>` `<li>` `<b>...</b>` – **bold** `</li>` `<li>` `<em>...</em>` – *emphasize* `</li>` `<li>` `<tt>...</tt>` – **typewriter** `</li>` `<li>` `<rm>...</rm>` – roman `</li>` `</ul>`

**font color abbreviations** `<ul>` `<li>` `<red>...</red>` – red `</li>` `<li>` `<blue>...</blue>` – blue `</li>` `<li>` `<yellow>...</yellow>` – yellow `</li>` `<li>` `<green>...</green>` – green `</li>` `<li>` `<white>...</white>` – white `</li>` `<li>` `<black>...</black>` – black `</li>` `<li>` `<gold>...</gold>` – gold `</li>` `<li>` `<silver>...</silver>` – silver `</li>` `</ul>`